Afghanistan

DEMOGRAPHICS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>2008 Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total population (000)</td>
<td>27,208</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total under-five population (000)</td>
<td>4,907</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Births (000)</td>
<td>1,269</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birth registration (%)</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Under-five mortality rate (per 1000 live births)</td>
<td>257</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infant mortality rate (per 1000 live births)</td>
<td>165</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neonatal mortality rate (per 1000 live births)</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total under-five deaths (000)</td>
<td>311</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maternal mortality (%)</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total maternal deaths</td>
<td>26,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Under-five mortality rate

Deaths per 1000 live births

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>260</td>
<td>257</td>
<td>87</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Causes of under-five deaths, 2008

Globally more than one third of child deaths are attributable to undernutrition

INTERVENTION COVERAGE FOR MOTHERS, NEWBORNS AND CHILDREN

NUTRITION

Stunting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) 59 (2003-2004)

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) 9 (2003-2004)

Underweight prevalence

Percent children < 5 years underweight for age*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Underweight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003-2004</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Exclusive breastfeeding

Percent infants < 6 months exclusively breastfed

No data

Vitamin A supplementation

Percent children 6-59 months receiving two doses of vitamin A during calendar year

No data

IMMUNIZATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Measles vaccination</td>
<td>83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DPT</td>
<td>83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hib</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Prevention of mother to child transmission of HIV

Percent HIV+ pregnant women receiving ARVs for PMTCT

No data

DIARRHEAL DISEASE TREATMENT

Percent children < 5 years with diarrhoea receiving oral rehydration therapy or increased fluids, with continued feeding

No data

MALARIA PREVENTION

Percent children < 5 years sleeping under ITNs

No data

MALARIA TREATMENT

Percent febrile children < 5 years using antimalarials

No data

PNEUMONIA TREATMENT

Percent children < 5 years with suspected pneumonia taken to appropriate health provider

No data

Percent children < 5 years with suspected pneumonia receiving antibiotics

No data

CHILD HEALTH

Prevention of mother to child transmission of HIV

Percent HIV+ pregnant women receiving ARVs for PMTCT

No data

Pneumonia treatment

Percent children < 5 years with suspected pneumonia taken to appropriate health provider

No data

Percent children < 5 years with suspected pneumonia receiving antibiotics

No data

Immunization

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</table>
MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH

Adolescent birth rate (births per 1,000 women) 151 (2001)
Unmet need for family planning (%) ---
Antenatal visits for woman (4 or more visits, %) ---
Intermittent preventive treatment for malaria (%) NA*
C-section rate (total, urban, rural %) (Minimum target is 5% and maximum target is 15%) ---, ---, ---
Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) ---
Postnatal visit for baby (within 2 days for home births, %) ---

 Causes of maternal deaths
Regional estimates for South Asia, 1997-2007

Coverage along the continuum of care

Antenatal care
Percent women aged 15-49 years attended at least once by a skilled health provider during pregnancy

WATER AND SANITATION

Water
Percent population using improved drinking water sources

Sanitation
Percent population using improved sanitation facilities

POLICIES

International Code of Marketing of Breastmilk Substitutes Partial
New ORS formula and zinc for management of diarrhoea Yes
Community treatment of pneumonia with antibiotics Yes
IMCI adapted to cover newborns 0-1 week of age No
Costed implementation plan(s) for maternal, newborn and child health available Yes
Midwives be authorised to administer a core set of life saving interventions Yes
Maternity protection in accordance with ILO Convention 183 No
Specific notification of maternal deaths No

SYSTEMS

Financial Flows and Human Resources
Per capita total expenditure on health (US$) 83 (2007)
General government expenditure on health as % of total government expenditure (%) 4 (2007)
Out-of-pocket expenditure as % of total expenditure on health (%) 76 (2007)
Density of health workers (per 10,000 population) 7.0 (2005)
Official Development Assistance to child health per child (US$) 14 (2007)
Official Development Assistance to maternal and neonatal health per live birth (US$) 18 (2007)
National availability of Emergency Obstetric Care services (% of recommended minimum) ---

Afghanistan
Countdown to 2015
2010 Report

EQUITY

Coverage gap by wealth quintile
Average of eight key indicators

Source: WHO/UNICEF JMP, 2010
Source: WHO 2010
Source: WHO/UNICEF
Source: DHS, MICS, Other NS
Source: WHO/UNICEF JMP, 2010
Source: IGME 2009
Source: DHS, MICS, Other NS
Source: IGME 2009
Source: IGME 2009