Comoros

**DEMOGRAPHICS**

- Total population (000) 718 (2012)
- Total under-five population (000) 115 (2012)
- Births (000) 26 (2012)
- Birth registration (%) 88 (2010)
- Total under-five deaths (000) 2 (2012)
- Neonatal deaths: % of all under-5 deaths 40 (2012)
- Neonatal mortality rate (per 1000 live births) 31 (2012)
- Infant mortality rate (per 1000 live births) 58 (2012)
- Stillbirth rate (per 1000 total births) 27 (2000)
- Total maternal deaths 90 (2012)
- Lifetime risk of maternal death (1 in N) 31 (2012)
- Total fertility rate (per woman) 58 (2012)
- Adolescent birth rate (per 1000 girls) 70 (2011)

**MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH**

- **Coverage along the continuum of care**
  - **Skilled attendant at delivery**
    - Percent live births attended by skilled health personnel

- **Prevention of mother-to-child transmission of HIV**
  - Eligible HIV+ pregnant women receiving ART for their own health (% of total ARVs)
  - Percent HIV+ pregnant women receiving ARVs for PMTCT
  - Uncertainty range around the estimate

**EQUITY**

- **Socioeconomic inequities in coverage**
  - Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% - Richest 20%

**IMMUNIZATION**

- Percent of children immunized:
  - Against measles
  - With 3 doses Hib
  - With rotavirus vaccine
  - With 3 doses pneumococcal conjugate vaccine

**PNEUMONIA TREATMENT**

- Percent of children <5 years with symptoms of pneumonia:
  - Taken to appropriate health provider
  - Received antibiotics

**NUTRITION**

- Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %)
  - Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)
  - Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %)
  - Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%)
  - Vitamin A two dose coverage (%)

**UNDERWEIGHT AND STUNTING PREVALENCE**

- Percent of children <5 years who are moderately or severely: underweight - stunted

**EXCLUSIVE BREASTFEEDING**

- Percent of infants <6 months exclusively breastfed
### DEMOGRAPHICS

**Causes of under-five deaths, 2012**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Neoplastic death</td>
<td>38%</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>38%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pneumonia</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>21%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malaria</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diarrhoea</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measles</td>
<td>1%</td>
<td>1%</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>4%</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percentage of under-five deaths attributable to untreated sepsis**</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source: WHO/ODHERG 2014</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Causes of maternal deaths, 2013**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cause</th>
<th>2000 MICS</th>
<th>2012 pDHS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Neonatal death</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pneumonia</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Diarrhoea</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sepsis**</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source: WHO 2014</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH

**Antenatal care**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>DHS</th>
<th>MICS</th>
<th>Other NS</th>
<th>pDHS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1996</td>
<td>85%</td>
<td>74%</td>
<td>75%</td>
<td>92%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000 MICS</td>
<td>74%</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>19%</td>
<td>38%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>75%</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>19%</td>
<td>38%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012 pDHS</td>
<td>75%</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>19%</td>
<td>38%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Demand for family planning satisfied (%)**

- 37 (1996)
- 28 (2012)
- 5, 9, 4 (1996)
- 85% (2012)
- -
- -
- -
- -

**Neonatal tetanus vaccine**

- 1996
- 2000 MICS
- 2004
- 2012

**Postnatal visit for baby**

- (within 2 days for home births, %)
- -
- -
- -

**Postnatal visit for mother**

- (within 2 days for home births, %)
- -
- -
- -

**Women with low body mass index (<18.5 kg/m2, %)**

- 10 (1996)

### DIARRHEA HEALTH

**Diarrhoeal disease treatment**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>DHS</th>
<th>MICS</th>
<th>Other NS</th>
<th>pDHS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1996</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000 MICS</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>9</td>
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<td>10</td>
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<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Percent children < 5 years sleeping under ITNs**

- 9 (2000 MICS)
- 41 (2012 pDHS)

### WATER AND SANITATION

**Improved drinking water coverage**

- No Data

**Improved sanitation coverage**

- No Data

### FINANCING

**Per capita total expenditure on health (US$)**

- 56 (2012)
- 10 (2012)

**General government expenditure on health as % of total government expenditure (%)**

- 44 (2012)

**ODA to child health per child (US$)**

- 21 (2012)

**ODA to maternal and neonatal health per live birth (US$)**

- 52 (2012)