DEMOGRAPHICS

- Total population (000) 4,337 (2012)
- Total under-five population (000) 722 (2012)
- Births (000) 165 (2012)
- Birth registration (%) 91 (2012)
- Total under-five deaths (000) 15 (2012)
- Neonatal deaths: % of all under-5 deaths 34 (2012)
- Neonatal mortality rate (per 1000 live births) 32 (2012)
- Infant mortality rate (per 1000 total births) 62 (2012)
- Stilbirth rate (per 1000 total births) 26 (2012)
- Total maternal deaths 690 (2012)
- Lifetime risk of maternal death (1 in N) 147 (2012)
- Adolescent birth rate (per 1000 girls) 17 (2012)

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH

- Maternal mortality ratio
  - Deaths per 100,000 live births
  - Source: DHS, MICS, Other NS

- Under-five mortality rate
  - Deaths per 1000 live births
  - Source: IGME 2013

- Immunization
  - Percent of children immunized:
    - against measles
    - with 3 doses DTP
    - with 3 doses Hib
    - with 3 doses pneumococcal conjugate vaccine

- Pneumonia treatment
  - Percent of children <5 years with symptoms of pneumonia:
    - taken to appropriate health provider
    - receiving antibiotics

- Antenatal care
  - Skilled attendant
  - Pre-pregnancy
  - Birth
  - Neonatal period
  - Infancy

- Skilled attendant at delivery
  - Percent live births attended by skilled health personnel

- Prevention of mother-to-child transmission of HIV
  - Eligible HIV+ pregnant women receiving ART for their own health (% of total ARVs)
  - Percent HIV+ pregnant women receiving ARVs for PMTCT

- Coverage along the continuum of care
  - Demand for family planning satisfied
  - Antenatal care
  - Skilled attendant at delivery
  - Early initiation of breastfeeding
  - ITN use among children <5 yrs
  - DTP3
  - Measles
  - Vitamin A (past 6 months)
  - ORT & continued feeding
  - Careseeking for pneumonia

- Child health
  - Immunization
  - Pneumonia treatment

- Nutrition
  - Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %)
  - Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)
  - Vitamin A two dose coverage (%)

- Equity
  - Socioeconomic inequities in coverage
    - Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20%

- Coverage levels are shown for the poorest 20% (red circles) and the richest 20% (orange circles). The longer the line between the two groups, the greater the inequality. These estimates may differ from other charts due to differences in data sources.

* See Annex/website for indicator definition

Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.
Congo

DEMOGRAPHICS

Causes of under-five deaths, 2012

Causes of maternal deaths, 2013

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH

Antenatal care

Demand for family planning satisfied (%) 71 (2011-2012)

Antenatal care (4 or more visits, %) 75 (2007)

Malaria during pregnancy - intermittent preventive treatment (%)

C-section rate (total, urban, rural; %)

(60% of recommended minimum is 5% and maximum target is 15%)

Neonatal tetanus vaccine 83 (2012)

Postnatal visit for baby (within 2 days for home births, %)

Postnatal visit for mother (within 2 days for home births, %)

Women with low body mass index (<18.5 kg/m2, %)

CHILD HEALTH

Diarrhoeal health disease treatment

Percent of children <5 years with diarrhoea:

- Receiving oral rehydration therapy/increased fluids with continued feeding

- Treated with ORS

Malaria prevention and treatment

Percent children receiving first line treatment among those receiving any antimalarial

Percent children <5 years sleeping under ITNs

WATER AND SANITATION

Improved drinking water coverage

Percent of population by type of drinking water source, 2012

Improved sanitation coverage

Percent of population by type of sanitation facility, 2012

POLICIES

Laws or regulations that allow adolescents to access contraceptives without parental or spousal consent

Legal status of abortion (% of 5 circumstances)

Midwives authorized for specific tasks (% of 7 tasks)

Maternity protection (Convention 183)

Maternal deaths notification

Postnatal home visits in the first week after birth

Kangaroo Mother Care in facilities for low birthweight/preterm newborns

Antenatal corticosteroids as part of management of preterm labour

International Code of Marketing of Breastmilk Substitutes

Community treatment of pneumonia with antibiotics

Low osmolality ORS and zinc for management of diarrhoea

SYSTEMS

Costed national implementation plan(s) for: maternal, newborn and child health available

Life Saving Commodities in Essential Medicine List:

- Reproductive health (X of 3)
- Maternal health (X of 3)
- Newborn health (X of 4)
- Child health (X of 3)

Density of doctors, nurses and midwives (per 10,000 population)

National availability of Emergency Obstetric Care services (% of recommended minimum)

FINANCING

Per capita total expenditure on health (US$)

General government expenditure on health as % of total government expenditure (%)

Out of pocket expenditure as % of total expenditure on health

Reproductive, maternal, newborn and child health expenditure by source

External sources

General government expenditure

Out-of-pocket expenditure

Other

ODA to child health per child (US$)

ODA to maternal and neonatal health per live birth (US$)

Note: See annexes for additional information on the indicators above

Source: WHO/UNICEF JMP 2014

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