**Demographics**

- Total population (000): 7,167 (2012)
- Total under-five population (000): 982 (2012)
- Births (000): 210 (2012)
- Birth registration (%): -
- Total under-five deaths (000): 13 (2012)
- Neonatal deaths: % of all under-5 deaths: 39 (2012)
- Neonatal mortality rate (per 1000 live births): 24 (2012)
- Infant mortality rate (per 1000 live births): 48 (2012)
- Stillbirth rate (per 1000 total births): 15 (2010)
- Total maternal deaths (2012): 460
- Lifetime risk of maternal death (1 in N): 120 (2012)
- Total fertility rate (per woman): 3.8 (2012)
- Adolescent birth rate (per 1000 girls): 65 (2004)

**Maternal and Newborn Health**

**Coverage along the continuum of care**

- Demand for family planning satisfied
- Antenatal care (4 visits)
- Skilled attendant at delivery
- Postnatal care
- Exclusive breastfeeding
- Measles

**Skilled attendant at delivery**

- Percent live births attended by skilled health personnel

**Prevention of mother-to-child transmission of HIV**

- Eligible HIV+ pregnant women receiving ART for their own health (% of total ARVs)
- Percent HIV+ pregnant women receiving ARVs for PMTCT

**Child Health**

- Immunization
  - Percent of children immunized:
  - against measles
  - with 3 doses Hib
  - with rotavirus vaccine
  - with 3 doses pneumococcal conjugate vaccine

**Pneumonia treatment**

- Percent of children <5 years with symptoms of pneumonia:
  - taken to appropriate health provider
  - receiving antibiotics

**Nutrition**

- Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %)
- Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)
- Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %)
- Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%)
- Vitamin A two dose coverage (%)

**Underweight and stunting prevalence**

- Percent of children <5 years who are moderately or severely:
  - underweight
  - stunted

**Exclusive breastfeeding**

- Percent of infants <6 months exclusively breastfed

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*See Annex/website for indicator definition*
Fulfilling the Health Agenda for Women and Children
The 2014 Report
Countdown to 2015
Maternal, Newborn & Child Survival

Papua New Guinea

DEMOGRAPHICS

Causes of under-five deaths, 2012

Causes of maternal deaths, 2013

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH

Antenatal care
Percent women aged 15-49 years attended at least once by a skilled health provider during pregnancy

Demand for family planning satisfied (%) 54 (2009)
Antenatal care (4 or more visits, %) 55 (2008)
Malaria during pregnancy - intermittent preventive treatment (%)
C-section rate (total, urban, rural, %) 10 (2007)
Neonatal tetanus vaccine
Postnatal visit for baby (within 2 days for home births, %)
Postnatal visit for mother (within 2 days for home births, %)
Women with low body mass index (<18.5 kg/m2, %)

CHILD HEALTH

Diarrhoeal disease treatment
Percent of children <5 years with diarrhoea:
- receiving oral rehydration therapy/increased fluids with continued feeding
- treated with ORS

Malaria prevention and treatment
Percent children receiving first line treatment among those receiving any antimarial
Percent children < 5 years sleeping under ITNs

No Data
No Data

WATER AND SANITATION

Improved drinking water coverage
Percent of population by type of drinking water source, 1990-2012

Improved sanitation coverage
Percent of population by type of sanitation facility, 1990-2012

Policies

Laws or regulations that allow adolescents to access contraceptives without parental or spousal consent
Legal status of abortion (x of 5 circumstances) 1
Midwives authorized for specific tasks (x of 7 tasks)
Maternity protection (Convention 183) Partial
Maternal deaths notification Yes
Postnatal home visits in the first week after birth Yes
Kangaroo Mother Care in facilities for low birthweight/ preterm newborns No
Antenatal corticosteroids as part of management of preterm labour -
International Code of Marketing of Breastmilk Substitutes Partial
Community treatment of pneumonia with antibiotics Yes
Low osmolarity ORS and zinc for management of diarrhoea Yes

Systems

Costed national implementation plan(s) for: maternal, newborn and child health available Partial (2012)
Life Saving Commodities in Essential Medicine List:
- Reproductive health (x of 3) 0 (2013)
- Maternal health (x of 3) 2 (2013)
- Newborn health (x of 4) 3 (2014)
- Child health (x of 3) 3 (2013)

Density of doctors, nurses and midwives per 10,000 population 5.1 (2008)
National availability of Emergency Obstetric Care services (% of recommended minimum)

Financing

Per capita total expenditure on health (US$) 151 (2012)
General government expenditure on health as % of total government expenditure (%) 14 (2012)
Out of pocket expenditure as % of total expenditure on health(%) 9 (2012)

Reproductive, maternal, newborn and child health expenditure by source
- Reproductive, maternal, newborn and child health expenditure by source
- Total: No Data

ODA to child health per child (US$) 40 (2012)
ODA to maternal and neonatal health per live birth (US$) 62 (2012)

Note: See annexes for additional information on the indicators above.