## Bolivia

### DEMOGRAPHICS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total population (000)</td>
<td>10,725</td>
<td>10,726</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total births (000)</td>
<td>1,385</td>
<td>1,385</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birth registration (%)</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total neonatal deaths (000)</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neonatal mortality rate (per 1000 live births)</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infant mortality rate (per 1000 live births)</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stillbirth rate (per 1000 total births)</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total maternal deaths</td>
<td>550</td>
<td>550</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lifetime risk of maternal death (1 in N)</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total fertility rate (per woman)</td>
<td>2.9</td>
<td>2.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adolescent birth rate (per 1000 girls)</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>89</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH

#### Coverage along the continuum of care

- **Demand for family planning satisfied**
  - Antenatal care
    - 4+ visits
  - Skilled attendant at delivery: 75%
  - Exclusive breastfeeding: 64%

#### Skilled attendant at delivery

- Percent live births attended by skilled health personnel: 85%

#### Prevention of mother-to-child transmission of HIV

- MDG Target: 56%

### EQUITY

#### Socioeconomic inequities in coverage

- Household wealth quintile:
  - Poorest 20%
  - Richest 20%

#### Immunization

- Percent of children immunized:
  - Against measles: 96%
  - With 3 doses Hib: 95%
  - With 3 doses pneumococcal conjugate vaccine: 99%

#### Pneumonia treatment

- Percent of children <5 years with symptoms of pneumonia taken to appropriate health provider: 56%

### CHILD HEALTH

#### Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %)

- 2012: 2%

#### Low birthweight prevalence (%)

- 2018: 6%

#### Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %)

- 2008: 64%

#### Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%)

- 2008: 83%

#### Vitamin A two dose coverage (%)

- 2008: 40%

### NUTRITION

#### Underweight and stunting prevalence

- Percent of children <5 years who are moderately or severely underweight or stunted

- 2018: 11%

#### Exclusive breastfeeding

- Percent of infants <6 months exclusively breastfed

- 2012: 64%
Bolivia

DEMOGRAPHICS

Causes of under-five deaths, 2015

- Pneumonia: 11%
- Premature: 3%
- Prematurity: 1.7%
- Neonatal death: 36.1%
- Other 25%
- Other 4%
- Other 13%

Causes of maternal deaths, 2013

- Abortion 10%
- Septicemia 8%
- Other direct 15%
- Other indirect 15%
- Preeclampsia 23%
- Hypertension 22%
- Malaria 0%

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH

Antenatal care
Percent women aged 15-49 years attended at least once by a skilled health provider during pregnancy

- 1990: 45%
- 2000: 59%
- 2011: 80%
- 2012: 86%
- Other NS: 90%

Demand for family planning satisfied (%)

- 2008: 75%
- 2012: 75%

Antenatal care (4 or more visits, %)

- Malaria during pregnancy - intermittent preventive treatment (%)
  - C-section rate (total, urban, rural, %)
    - 2012: 27, 34, 13
  - Neonatal tetanus vaccine
    - 2014: 87%
  - Postnatal visit for babies (within 2 days, %)
    - 2008: 77%
  - Postnatal visit for mother (within 2 days, %)
    - 2008: 77%
  - Women with low body mass index (<18.5 kg/m2, %)
    - 2008: 1%

CHILD HEALTH

Diarrhoeal disease treatment
Percent of children <5 years with diarrhoea:
- receiving oral rehydration therapy/increased fluids with continued feeding
- treated with ORS

Malaria prevention and treatment
Percent children receiving first line treatment among those receiving any antimalarial

- 1990: 33%
- 1998: 59%
- 2000: 54%
- 2008: 50%
- 2012: 46%

WATER AND SANITATION

Improved drinking water coverage
Percent of population by type of drinking water source, 1990-2015

- Piped on premises
- Unimproved
- Surface water

Improved sanitation coverage
Percent of population by type of sanitation facility, 1990-2015

- Piped on premises
- Unimproved facilities
- Open defecation

POLICIES

- Laws or regulations that allow adolescents to access contraceptives without parental or spousal consent: Partial
- Legal status of abortion (X of 5 circumstances): Yes
- Midwives authorized for specific tasks (X of 7 tasks): Yes
- Maternity protection (Convention 183): Partial
- Maternal deaths notification: Yes
- Postnatal home visits in the first week after birth: No
- Kangaroo Mother Care in facilities for low birthweight/preterm newborns: No

Antenatal corticosteroids as part of management of preterm labour: Yes

SYSTEMS

Costed national implementation plan(s) for: maternal, newborn and child health available

- Life Saving Commodities in Essential Medicine List:
  - Reproductive health (X of 3)
    - 2015: 3%
  - Maternal health (X of 3)
    - 2015: 3%
  - Newborn health (X of 4)
    - 2015: 3%
  - Child health (X of 3)
    - 2015: 3%

- Density of doctors, nurses and midwives per 10,000 population
  - 2011: 14.8

- National availability of Emergency Obstetric Care services
  - 2005: 48%

FINANCING

- Per capita total expenditure on health (% of GDP)
  - 2012: 3.72

- General government expenditure on health as % of total government expenditure (%)
  - 2013: 10%

- Out of pocket expenditure as % of total expenditure on health(%)
  - 2013: 20%

- Reproductive, maternal, newborn and child health expenditure by source
  - No Data

- ODA to child health per child
  - 2012: 19

- ODA to maternal and neonatal health per live birth
  - 2012: 29

Note: See annexes for additional information on the indicators above.