**A Decade of Tracking Progress for Maternal, Newborn and Child Survival**

**The 2015 Report**

**Mali**

### Demographics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>2000</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total population (000)</td>
<td>17,600</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total under-five population (000)</td>
<td>3,271</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Births (000)</td>
<td>758</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birth registration (%)</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total under-five deaths (000)</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neonatal deaths (% of under-five deaths)</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neonatal mortality rate (per 1000 live births)</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infant mortality rate (per 1000 live births)</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stillbirth rate (per 1000 total births)</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total maternal deaths</td>
<td>4,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lifetime risk of maternal death (1 in N)</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total fertility rate (per 1000 total births)</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>199</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total fertility rate (per woman)</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adolescent birth rate (per 1000 girls)</td>
<td>178</td>
<td>176</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Maternal and Newborn Health

#### Coverage along the continuum of care

- **Demand for family planning satisfied**
- **Antenatal care**
- **Skilled attendant at delivery**
- **Postnatal care**
- **Exclusive breastfeeding**

#### Skilled attendant at delivery

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1987</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1995-1996</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Prevention of mother-to-child transmission of HIV

- **Eligible HIV+ pregnant women receiving ART for their own health (%)**
- **Percent HIV+ pregnant women receiving ARVs for PMTCT**
- **Uncertainty range around the estimate**

#### Child Health

### Immunization

- **Percent of children immunized:**
  - against measles
  - with 3 doses DTP
  - with 3 doses Hib
  - with 3 doses pneumococcal conjugate vaccine

#### Pneumonia treatment

- **Percent of children <5 years with symptoms of pneumonia taken to appropriate health provider**

#### Nutrition

- **Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %)**
- **Low birthweight prevalence (%)**
- **Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %)**
- **Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%)**
- **Vitamin A two dose coverage (%)**

### Underweight and stunting prevalence

- **Percent of children <5 years who are moderately or severely:**
  - underweight
  - stunted

### Exclusive breastfeeding

- **Percent of infants <6 months exclusively breastfed**

---

*See Annex/website for indicator definition*
**DEMOGRAPHICS**

**Causes of under-five deaths, 2015**

- Pneumonia: 20%
- Diarrhea: 11%
- Other 17%
- Premature birth and asphyxia*: 13%
- Measles: 9%
- Other 9%
- Injuries 4%
- Malaria 4%

*Intrapartum-related events

**Causes of maternal deaths, 2013**

- Sepsis/Tetanus/Meningitis/Encephalitis: 25%
- Hypertension: 10%
- Abortion: 10%
- Other direct: 9%
- Indirect 29%

Source: WHO/MCEE 2015 (provisional)

**MATERIAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH**

**Antenatal care**

- Percent women aged 15-49 years attended at least once by a skilled health provider during pregnancy.

**Demand for family planning satisfied (%)**

- 2013: 28%
- 2015: 35%

**Malaria during pregnancy - intermittent preventive treatment (%)**

- 2004: 2, 4, 1%
- 2015: 85%

**Neonatal tetanus vaccine**

- 2011: 16%
- 2015: 40%

**Women with low body mass index (<18.5 kg/m², %)**

- 2011: 10%
- 2015: 70%

**CHILD HEALTH**

**Diarrhoeal disease treatment**

- Percent children <5 years with diarrhoea:
  - receiving oral rehydration therapy/increased fluids and continued feeding: 31%
  - treated with ORS: 47%

**Malaria prevention and treatment**

- Percent children receiving first line treatment among those receiving any antimalarial:
  - 2011: 57%
  - 2015: 85%

**WATER AND SANITATION**

**Improved drinking water coverage**

- Percent of population by type of drinking water source, 1990-2015:
  - Piped on premises: 2015: 65%
  - Unimproved: 1990: 59%

**Improved sanitation coverage**

- Percent of population by type of sanitation facility, 1990-2015:
  - Piped on premises: 2015: 39%
  - Open defecation: 1990: 59%